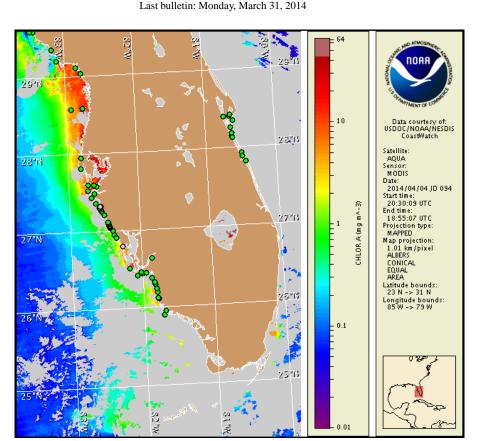


Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Southwest Florida Monday, 07 April 2014 NOAA National Ocean Service NOAA Satellite and Information Service NOAA National Weather Service



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from March 28 to April 3: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at: http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit at: http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html

Conditions Report

Not present to background concentrations of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Florida red tide) are present along- and offshore portions of southwest Florida, and not present in the Florida Keys. No respiratory irritation is expected alongshore southwest Florida Monday, April 7 through Monday, April 14.

Check http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html for recent, local observations.

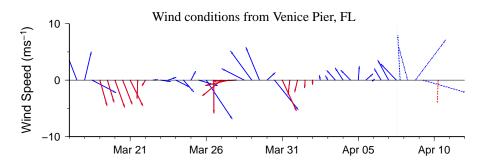
Analysis

Samples collected over the last week along the coast of southwest Florida from Pinellas to central Collier, all indicate that *Karenia brevis* is not present, with the exception of two samples that identified background concentrations from New Pass in Sarasota County and northeast of Gasparilla Island in Charlotte County (FWRI, MML, SCHD, CCPCPD; 3/31-4/3).

Recent MODIS Aqua imagery (4/4, shown left) is partially obscured by clouds along much of the coast of southwest Florida, limiting analysis. Patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-5 μ g/L) are visible along- and offshore portions of Pinellas, Charlotte, Lee and Collier counties.

Harmful algal bloom formation at the coast of southwest Florida is not expected today through Monday, April 14.

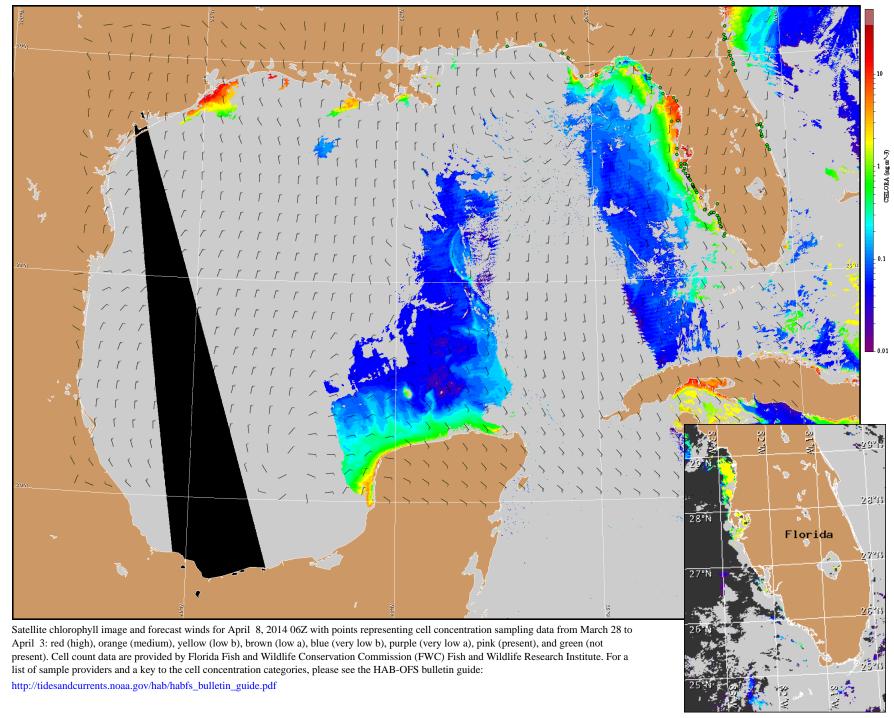
Kavanaugh, Derner



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

Wind Analysis

Southwest Florida: South winds (10-20kn, 5-10m/s) today. West winds (10-25kn, 5-13m/s) Tuesday becoming northwest winds (20-25kn, 10-13m/s) Wednesday. North to northeast winds (10-15kn, 5-8m/s) Wednesday night to Thursday night. East winds (10kn, 5m/s) Friday.



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).